

***Ninox philippensis proxima* Mayr,**  
new subspecies.

Type—No. 314872, United States National Museum, ♀ ad., Masbate, Philippine Islands, November 14, 1892, Worcester and Bourns (Menage Expedition).

Similar to *philippensis* but larger and with a relatively shorter tail. Upperparts darker brown, light bars on tail less conspicuous, light spots and bars on upper wing-coverts and outer edge of wing feathers reduced. Stripes of underparts coarser and darker brown. Wing, 175, 175; tail, 79, 82; tail index, 45.2, 46.8. Known from Ticao and Masbate.

***Ninox philippensis centralis* Mayr,**  
new subspecies.

Type—No. 314873, United States National Museum, ♂ ad., Siquijor, Philippine Islands, February 28, 1891, Worcester and Bourns (Menage Expedition).

Much larger than *proxima* and with a long tail. Dark earth brown above without a rufous or tawny tint. Light spotting and barring on scapulars and upper wing-coverts much reduced. Stripes of underparts ill defined, white feather margins partly washed with ochraceous.

Four specimens from Siquijor measure as follows: Wing, 181, 185, 187, 191; tail, 89, 90, 92, 93; tail index, 47.1, 49.1, 49.2, 50.3.

This strikingly distinct form was mentioned by Grant as early as 1896 (*Ibis*, p. 531), but he failed to name it. I have not seen any specimens from Panay, Guimaras and Negros, but according to Grant (l. c.) they agree with Siquijor specimens.